# **DENISON** Hydraulics

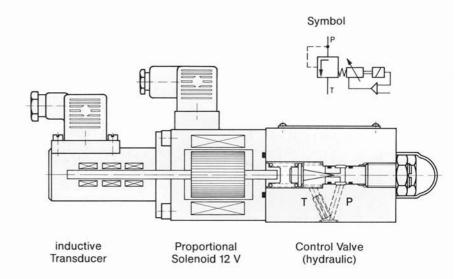
### Proportional Pressure Control Valve with electronic position control Series R1EP01



## CETOP 03 max. 25/140/210/350 bar max. 10/3/2,5/2 l/min

#### Features

- Proportional solenoid with integrated, inductive transducer.
- Low hysteresis, ≤ 1%
- Good repeatability, ≦ 0.5 %
- 4 pressure stages, giving higher resolution.
- Maximum dynamic range through use of 12 V proportional solenoid.
- No mechanical adjustment of transducer necessary.
- Mounting configuration according to CETOP, ISO and DIN.
- Servo amplifier to European format with voltage regulator, ramp generator, PID regulator, pulse-width-modulated output stage with output current limiter and load-independent output current.



#### Description

Denison R1EP01 direct operated proportional pressure relief valves with electronic position control are designed to adjust pressure according to the current input. Of the tried and tested seat type, these valves consists mainly of seat, cone, 2 pressure springs and proportional solenoid with integrated, inductive transducer.

The R1EP01 is used as an electrically adjustable remote control valve. The valve is supplied for subplate mounting to CETOP 03, using connections P and T. This is the preferred design for controlling cartridge pressure valves to DIN 24342.

All components are subject to the most stringent quality control during manufacture to ensure long service and high operational reliability. Each unit undergoes a final test-bench check before delivery.

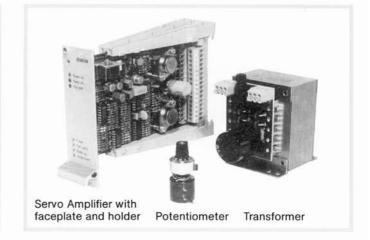
Efficient manufacturing processes and adherence to close tolerances allows composents to be replaced, changed or modified. This is also true, without exception, for spare parts, which are available through an international after-sales service network.

## Operation

On receipt of a nominal value signal the proportional solenoid precommpresses the springs. The difference in length which results is recorded by the transducer (actual value) and compared to the nominal value by the PID regulator. The resulting differential signal is regulated against zero, so matching the actual value to the nominal value. Any variations are detected by the transducer and corrected. This system ensures high repeatability and almost hysteresis-free nominal value pressure characteristics. If no actual value reply is received, the valve switches to pressureless circulation (fail safe). No mechanical adjustment of the displacement measuring system is necessary. Any functional tolerances, caused by valve production deviation, can be eliminated at the zero-point regulator on the amplifier board.

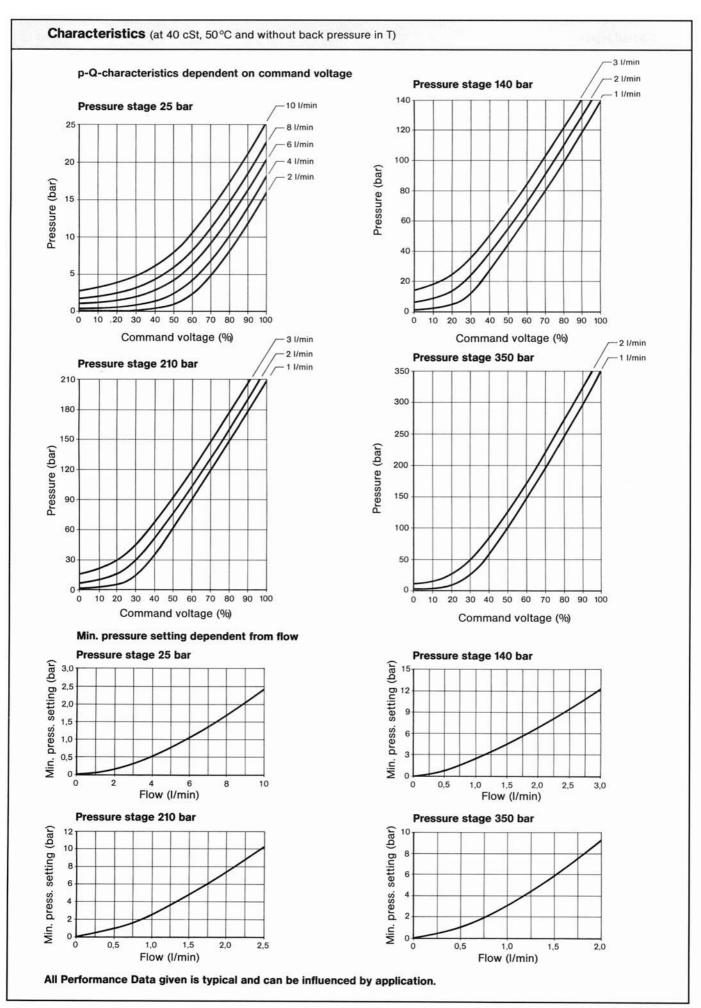
**N.B:** the valve seat is factory-adjusted and set. The zero point of the transducer, the max. pressure and the time ramps are all adjustable at the amplifier via trimming potentiometers. LED's indicate power on, out of circuit ramp and malfunction of the transducer. The unit operates with a pulse-width-modulated output stage.

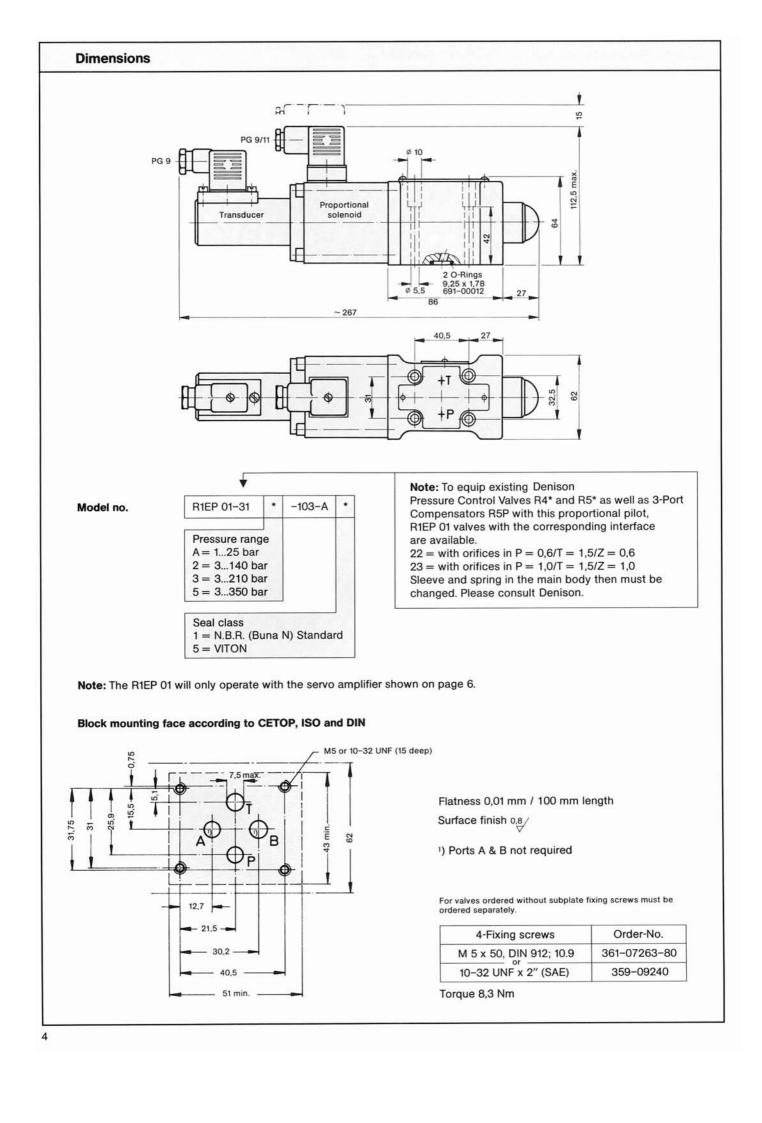
Proportional Control Valve R1EP 01



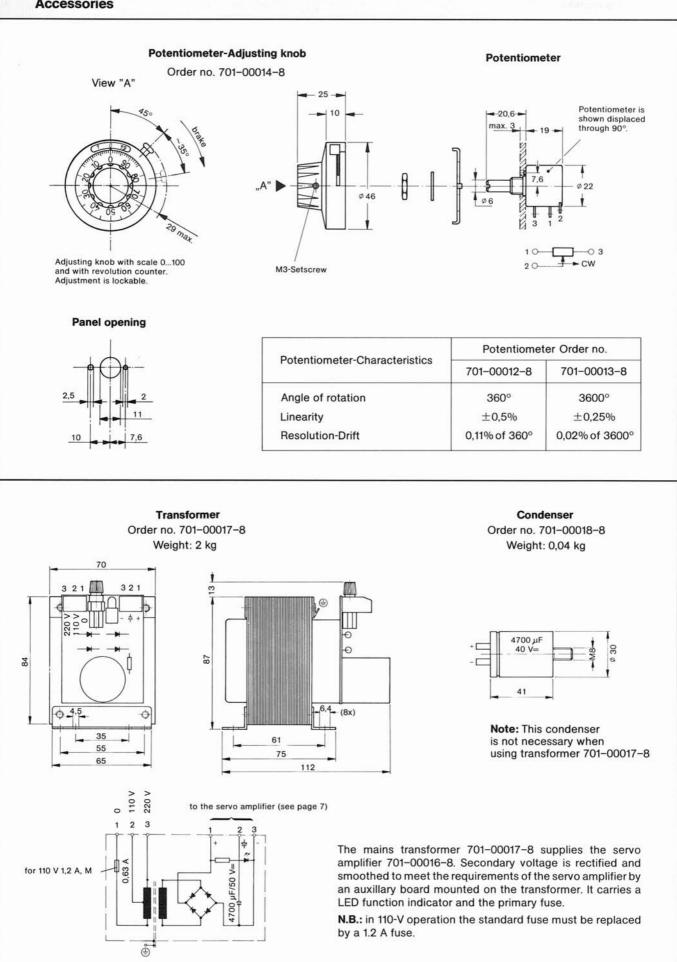
Characteristics General Poppet type 1 Design indirect via subplate or manifold 2 Type of connection 4,2 kg Weight 3 Mounting position optional 4 P→T 5 Direction of flow 6 Ambient temperature range - 20...+ 60 °C Hydraulic 25, 140, 210, 350 bar 7 Pressure stages 350 bar 8 Max. operating pressure (port P) Port T direct to tank without pressure 9 10 Min. pressure setting (dependent on flow) see diagrams page 3 Max. flow - pressure stage 25 bar 10 l/min 11 - pressure stage 140 bar 3 l/min - pressure stage 210 bar 2,5 l/min - pressure stage 350 bar 2 l/min Fluid Mineral oil according to DIN 51524 and 51525. 12 For other fluids please consult Denison. -18...+80°C 13 Fluid temperature range 10...650 cSt, optimal 30 cSt 14 Viscosity range 15 Contamination level Max. permissible contamination level according to NAS 1638 Class 8 (Class 9 for 15 Micron and smaller) or ISO 17/14 Hysteresis ≤ 1% of max. pressure setting 16 ≤ 1,5% of max. pressure setting Linearity at  $q_V = 1 \text{ l/min}$ 17 ≤ 0,5% of max. pressure setting 18 Repeatability 19 Step response (0...100% pressure setting) Pressure increase Pressure decrease Pmin...Pmax Pmax...Pmin (influenced by application considerations) - at pressure stage 25 bar and 6 l/min 50 ms 45 ms - at pressure stage 140 bar and 2 l/min 50 ms 35 ms 35 ms 50 ms - at pressure stage 210 bar and 2 l/min - at pressure stage 350 bar and 2 l/min 50 ms 35 ms plus 15 ms for solenoid regulating time 20 Valve production deviation  $\pm$  3% of max. pressure setting 21 Electrical 12 V DC 22 Nominal voltage - proportional solenoid 4Ω at 20°C 23 Coil resistance 4,6Ω at 50°C 100% 24 Relative operating period Type of protection (by DIN 40050) IP 65 25 Current consumption - Transducer  $\leq 25 \text{ mA}$ 26 Output voltage (from transducer) 7,5...12 V 27 28 20...28 V DC Supply voltage (to the transducer) 29 Electrical connector - Proportional solenoid Plug-in connect. accord. to DIN 43650/2 pol. + SL/PG 9/11 Plug-in connector accord. to DIN 43650 type B - Transducer (Plug-in connectors are included in valve order) If the performance characteristics outlined above do not meet your own particular requirements. Please consult your local Denison Office.

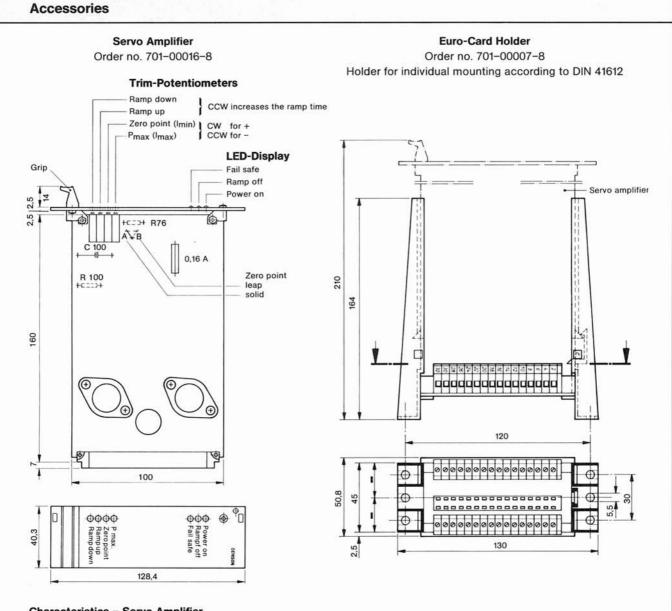
Characteristics for the servo amplifier see page 6.





#### Accessories





#### **Characteristics - Servo Amplifier**

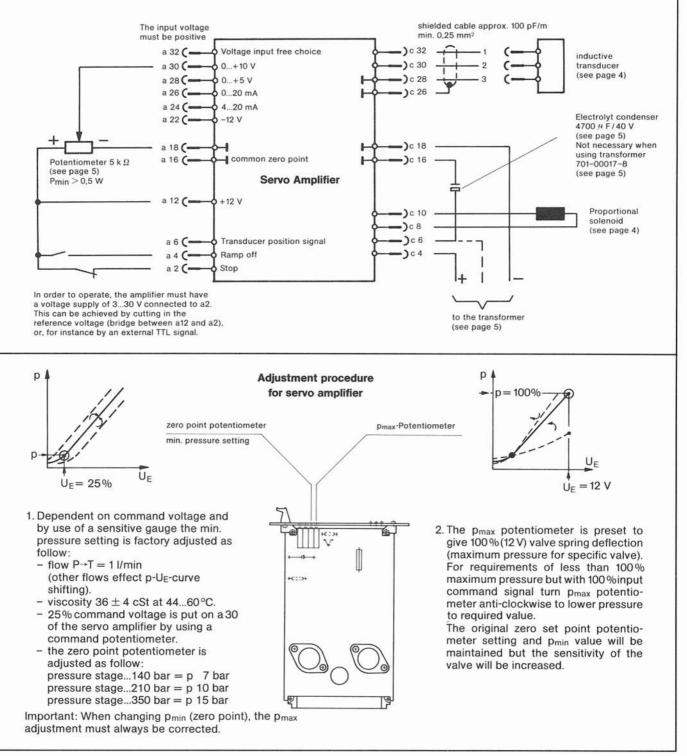
Size Weight Multipoint connector Design	Euro size 100 x 160 x 40,3 (incl. faceplate) 0,21 kg (with holder 0,36 kg) according to DIN 41612, pattern D, 32-pin Amplifier with voltage regulator, ramp-forming circuit, PID-Regulator, pulse-width modulated output stage with output current limitation and load-independent output current.
Supply voltage Fuse Ambient temperature range Set point energizing	DC, optimal 2530 V DC; at full-wave bridge rectification 20 V <sub>eff</sub> AC $\pm$ 10%; at three-phase bridge rectification 24 V <sub>eff</sub> AC $\pm$ 10% 0,16 A, M, 250 V, DIN 41571 050 °C from separate supply or via potentiometer
Potentiometer supply	from servo amplifier: Reference voltage + 12 V DC on a12 0V on c16, c18, a16 or a18, collector on a30
Inputs for external set points	$+ 4+ 20$ mA on a24 $0+ 5V$ on a28 $0+ 20$ mA on a26 $0+ 10$ V on a30Voltage input free choice on a32.When using input a24, resistor R76 must be soldered with 620 k $\Omega$ .When using a32, resistor R100 must be soldered with 10 k $\Omega/V$ .
Output current Reference voltage	02,5 A on c8 and c10 $\pm$ 12 V DC, stabilized loading, up to 50 mA.
Ramp	Separately adjustable up and down from 0,055s. The ramp can be switched off by a bridge from a12 to a4 or by a positive voltage of 330 V.

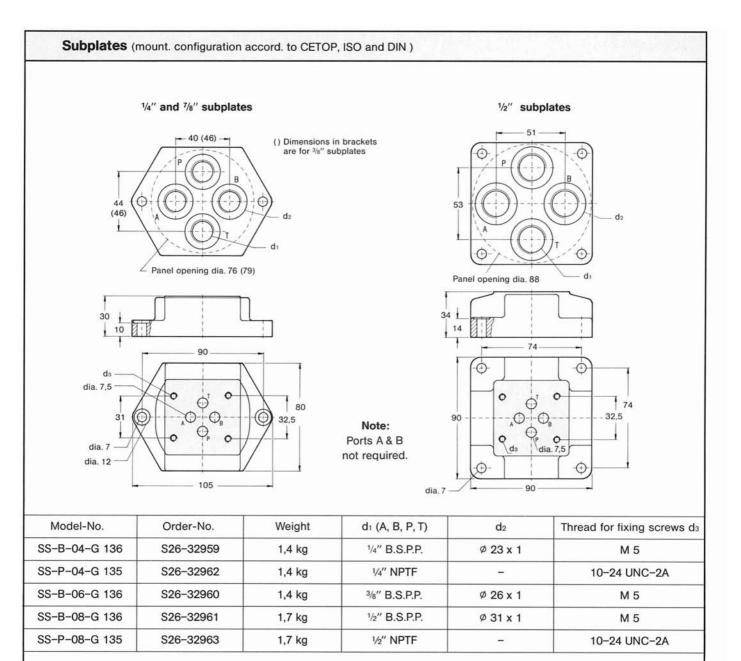
#### Accessories

#### **Description – Servo Amplifier**

The servo amplifier is designed for the operation of proportional pressure valves with positional control. It is protected against short-circuiting and reverse polarization and boasts transducer monitoring and ramps which can be switched off externally as well as an emergency stop facility. By virtue of identical zero potential it is possible to run several amplifiers from a single power supply. The final output stage works with pulse width modulation, which, in combination with a PID regulator and the transducer, works as a closed position control circuit. The final stage is protected against short-circuiting and incorporates a current limiter which cuts out at approx 2.5 A. Short circuits in the reference voltage area or the final stage or the breakage of a connection lead of the transducer result in the immediate blocking of the final stage, causing the "fail safe" LED to come on. In the event of a short circuit, the supply voltage must be switched off for a period of 20 seconds, after which the amplifier will be ready to resume operation.

Zero point, maximum pressure, break-in and break-out ramps are adjustable via trimming potentiometers arranged on the front panel. The ramp generator has an adjustment range of 1:100 and ramp times are adjustable between 0.05 and 5.00 sec.





fixing screws are included in subplate order.